Los Angeles World Airports

21st Annual Heritage Award Honoree

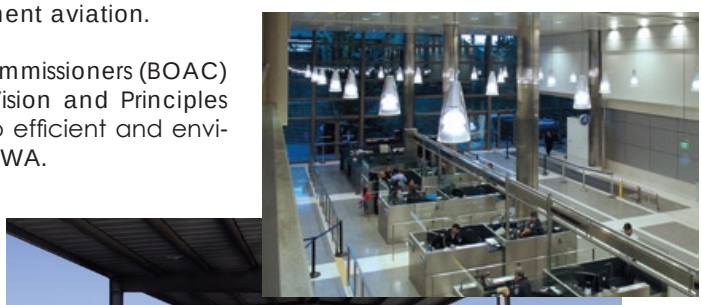
Los Angeles World Airports (LAWA) is the city department that owns and operates Los Angeles International (LAX), LA/Ontario International (ONT) and Van Nuys (VNY) airports. LAX and ONT are major commercial airports and VNY is a world-class general aviation facility for corporate, private and government aviation.

The Los Angeles Board of Airport Commissioners (BOAC) in 2007 adopted a Sustainability Vision and Principles Policy related to its commitment to efficient and environmentally sound operations at LAWA.

The BOAC has also adopted a policy that requires new remodeling and tenant improvement construction projects at all LAWA facilities to include design and construction elements that comply with, or are substantially consistent with, the highest possible Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) standards, or their practical equivalents, as established by the U.S. Green Building Council. Additionally, the BOAC requireds that, should the U.S. Green Building Council adopt standards particularly applicable to airport facilities, LAWA will pursue the highest practical LEED certification for all projects planned and built after adoption of those standards.

LAWA's energy conservation efforts at LAX include retrofitting existing buildings with energy-efficient lighting fixtures, ballasts and bulbs during remodeling projects, and an ongoing program to upgrade building air-handling units with variable speed drives and soft-start controls. LAWA also has an agreement with the city's Department of Water and Power to commit to 15% Green Power use in all its facilities. Green Power includes electricity generated by solar, wind, hydropower, bio-mass and geothermal sources.

The Tom Bradley International Terminal renovation project further extends LAWA's ongoing environmental efforts with the goal of making LAX the nation's greenest airport. The green building standards promote a whole-building approach to sustainability by recognizing performance in human and environmental health, including sustainable site development, water savings, energy efficiency, materials selection, and indoor environmental quality. The terminal's new heating/ventilation/air conditioning system and more efficient electrical and lighting systems will reduce energy consumption, while a new plumbing system will increase water conservation. More than 75% of the construction and demolition waste will be recycled or salvaged, and the design features various local sustainable building materials and finishes.



Los Angeles World Airports
Global Leader in Airport Sustainability